



**29** countries with chronic shortages still won't have enough primary or lower secondary teachers in 2030.

3.3 MILLION by 2030

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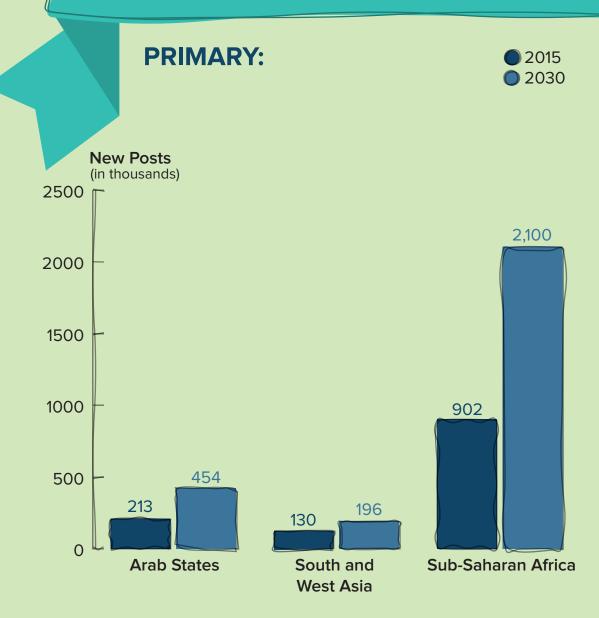
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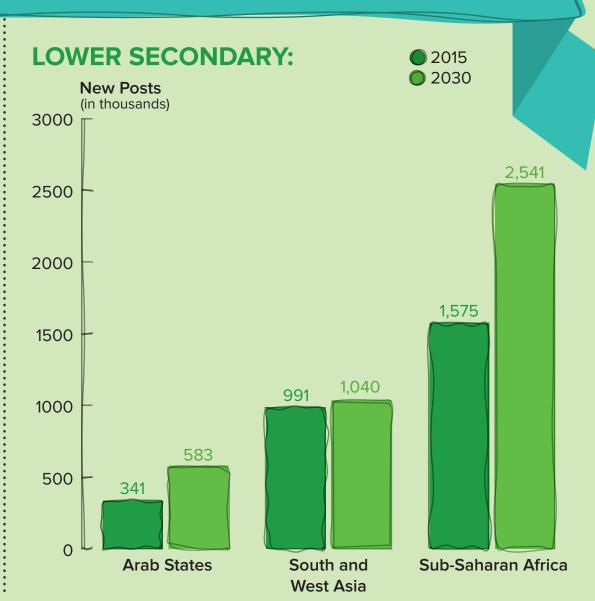
5.1 MILLION by 2030 55555555 66666666 

Changes in hiring and training practices would help solve this.



# WHERE TEACHERS ARE NEEDED MOST, 2015-2030







**ATTRITION RATES:** 

THE BURDEN OF HIGH

In addition to creating 2.1 million new primary teaching posts, by 2030 sub-Saharan Africa must fill about 2.6 million posts vacated by teachers leaving the profession.

# WHAT IS DRIVING DEMAND IN SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA?

**POPULATION GROWTH** 



**ATTRITION** 

For every 100 primary school-age children today, there will be 143 in 2030. Now (PA) (PA) (PA) (PA) (PA)

2030 传传传传传传传传传传

#### The numbers of pupils enrolled in primary and lower secondary education have soared by 66% and 123% respectively since 1999.

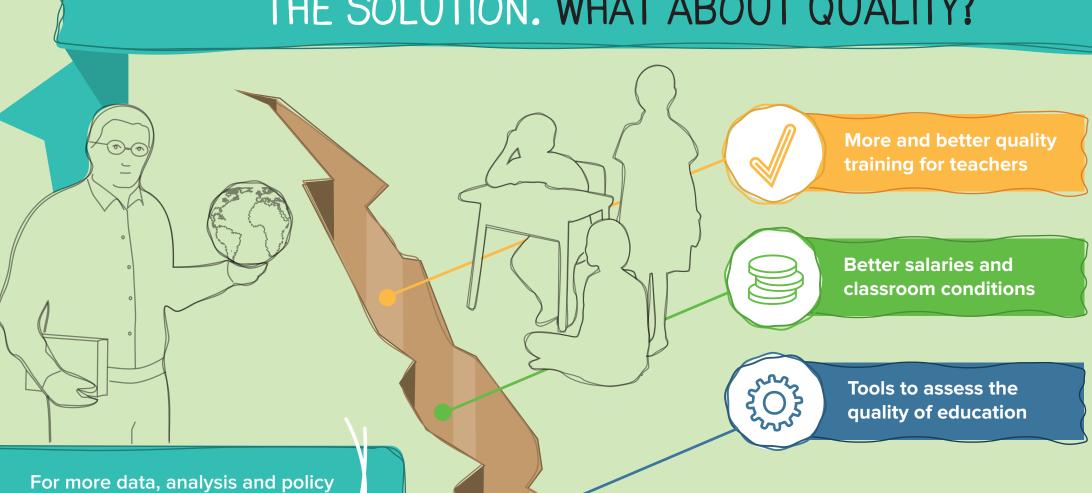
HIGHER DEMAND FOR EDUCATION

Countries simply don't have the resources to hire and train enough teachers. In Eritrea, 10 primary teachers leave the profession for every 7 hired.

### OVERCROWDED CLASSROOMS In Chad there are as many as 63 pupils per primary teacher —

many of them overage, and 44 per lower secondary teacher.

## BUT HIRING MORE TEACHERS IS ONLY PART OF THE SOLUTION. WHAT ABOUT QUALITY?



options to bridge the teachers' gap consult the forthcoming 2013/2014 edition of the **Education for All Global Monitoring Report** 





Cultural Organization